

### SOLUTION FOR SEPTEMBER 2018

Investigate the convergence of:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln n}}$$

and:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln(\ln n)}}.$$

**SOLUTION:**

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln n}} = \text{converges}$$

and:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln(\ln n)}} = \text{diverges}.$$

The winner for September is Rhythm Garg. He showed that:

$$\frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln n}} \leq \frac{1}{n^2} \text{ for large } n$$

and since  $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$  converges (it is a  $p$ -series with  $p = 2$ ) therefore:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln n}} \text{ converges by comparison with } \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}.$$

Similarly he showed

$$\frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln(\ln n)}} \geq \frac{1}{n} \text{ for large } n$$

and since  $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$  diverges (it is a  $p$ -series with  $p = 1$ ) therefore:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln(\ln n)}} \text{ diverges by comparison with } \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}.$$

Another way to do this is to use the Integral Test. The first would be:

$$\int_3^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln x)]^{\ln x}} dx.$$

Let  $u = \ln(x)$  and thus  $e^u du = dx$  then we get:

$$\int_{\ln(3)}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e}{\ln u}\right)^u du.$$

Now  $\lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e}{\ln u} = 0$  so for large  $u$  say  $u \geq u_0$  we have:  $\frac{e}{\ln(u)} \leq \frac{1}{e} = e^{-1}$  therefore:

$$\int_{u_0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e}{\ln u}\right)^u du \leq \int_{u_0}^{\infty} e^{-u} du = e^{-u_0}.$$

Thus:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln n}} = \text{converges.}$$

The other integral to investigate is:

$$\int_3^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln x)]^{\ln(\ln x)}} dx.$$

Similarly making the substitution  $u = \ln(x)$  and  $e^u du = dx$  gives:

$$\int_{\ln(3)}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e}{(\ln u)^{\frac{\ln u}{u}}}\right)^u du.$$

Now notice that:

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} (\ln u)^{\frac{\ln(u)}{u}} = 1.$$

(This can be shown by taking  $\ln$  of this expression and using L'Hopital's rule).

Thus:

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e}{(\ln u)^{\frac{\ln u}{u}}} = e$$

therefore for large  $u$  say  $u \geq u_0$  we have:

$$\frac{e}{(\ln u)^{\frac{\ln u}{u}}} \geq 2.$$

Hence:

$$\int_{u_0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e}{(\ln u)^{\frac{\ln u}{u}}}\right)^u du \geq \int_{u_0}^{\infty} 2^u du = \infty.$$

Thus:

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{[\ln(\ln n)]^{\ln(\ln n)}} = \text{diverges.}$$