

## SOLUTION FOR MARCH 2022

Correct solutions were submitted by:

Consider a trapezoid with parallel sides,  $A, B$  of length  $a$  and  $b$ . Draw the diagonals and label their intersection as  $I$ . Now draw the line that is parallel to  $A$  and  $B$  that goes through  $I$ . Determine the length of this segment,  $L$ , in terms of  $a$  and  $b$ .

**SOLUTION:**

$$L = \frac{2ab}{a+b}.$$

**Proof:** We place side  $A$  on the  $x$ -axis with one end at  $(0, 0)$  and the other at  $(a, 0)$ . The parallel side  $B$  we place at height  $y = d$  and label its endpoints  $(c, d)$  and  $(b+c, d)$  (since side  $B$  has length  $b$ ). The diagonal through  $(0, 0)$  and  $(b+c, d)$  is given by  $y = \frac{dx}{b+c}$  and the diagonal through  $(c, d)$  and  $(a, 0)$  is given by  $y = \frac{d(a-x)}{a-c}$ . We see then that these two lines intersect at  $(\frac{a(b+c)}{a+b}, \frac{ad}{a+b})$ . Then we see that the points on the segment which is parallel to  $A$  and  $B$  and that lie on the trapezoid are  $(\frac{ac}{a+b}, \frac{ad}{a+b})$  and  $(\frac{a(2b+c)}{a+b}, \frac{ad}{a+b})$ . Finally we see the length of this segment is:

$$L = \frac{a(2b+c)}{a+b} - \frac{ac}{a+b} = \frac{2ab}{a+b}.$$

Note: Given  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$ , their *harmonic mean* is defined to be  $H(a, b) = \frac{2ab}{a+b} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b})}$ . Notice that  $H(a, b)$  is the reciprocal of the arithmetic mean of  $1/a$  and  $1/b$ .