

### SOLUTION FOR MARCH 2021

A correct solution was submitted by:

Michalis Paizanis

Show that there is a continuous function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that takes on every value exactly 3 times.

Note: It is known that there is no continuous function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that takes on every value exactly 2 times.

**SOLUTION:** We define  $f(x) = -x - 2$  on  $[-2, -1)$ ,  $f(x) = x$  on  $[-1, 1]$ . Let  $f(x) = 2 - x$  on  $(1, 2]$  and let  $f(x) = x - 2$  on  $(2, 4]$ . We then extend  $f$  to the rest of the real line by defining  $f(x + 6) = f(x) + 2$ .

We now show that for each  $y \in [0, 1]$  there are exactly three values  $x_1 < x_2 < x_3$  such that  $f(x_i) = y$ . First suppose  $y = 0$  and notice that  $f(-2) = f(0) = f(2) = 0$ . Next suppose  $y = 1$  then notice that  $f(1) = f(3) = f(5) = 1$ . Now suppose  $0 < y_0 < 1$  then observe that  $f(y_0) = f(2 - y_0) = f(2 + y_0) = y_0$ .

A similar argument works for  $y \in [1, 2]$ , for  $y \in [2, 3]$ , etc. In addition,  $f$  is odd so the argument also shows that the result holds for  $y \leq 0$ .